Monte San Savino.

4 December 44.

STATEMENT OF

GERI Gi rgio, Monte San Savino..

Male 47 years.

No saith,

I am an antique dealer and have lived in North . Italy all my life. I went to live with my family at villa CARLETET, MONTE SEN SAVE in November 43.

About 18 0 hours on Wednesday 29 June 44, a party of about forty Gerenes with larries and actor cycle combinations arrived at the villa. These Germans were all armed with pistols and sub-rachine gune. They were grey blue uniforms and all of them were extraordinarily clean and their boots and equipment were well polished. They all were a badd on their sleeves with "HERMAN GUNTIG" thereon. A sergeant asked for Signer CARLETTI and I fetched him. The sergeant asked CALLETTI for a cellar to confine a "Pandit" in, and after some discussion it was decided that the garage was the most suitable place. An Italian civilian of the peasant class was then brought from one of the lorries and classed in the garage, the sergeant retained the key.

The Germans raked for a meal for themselves which was provided. They remained in the house and about 2300 hours told us to go to bed. We were warned at that time, not to leave the house as it was surrounded by sentrics. From what I heard of their conversation I understood these Germans to be members of the Folice.

On my way upstairs I saw by the light of my torch a German castel standing on the stairs. He was about 35 yours of age, 175 cms. tall, light brown hair, brushed well back, thin nose, clean shaven, of smart military appearance; he was wearing a grey blue uniform with the words " MESMAN OCERING." on the bottom of his left sleeve, black lettering on a light grey band.

The soldiers who were escorting us upstairs told us that he was their captain and we were to treat him with respect.

- At $O_k(0)$ hours on Thursday 29 June 44, I was wakened by loud bangings on the bedroom doors. Two German soldiers entered my bedroom and escorted me to another room where eventually all the civilian occupants of the villa congregated. We were searched and kept in this room for about two hours.

Fetween (400 ours and 0500 hours on this day I heard at least ten lorries leave the vicinity of the villa.

About 1200 hours we were taken to another room in which we see all confined for nearly four days. Here sergeants mounted guard on us. They were friently and told us that we were toing detained for interrogation and wursen us nesainst saying too much.

During our stay in this moom a German interpreter, deme to me with an officer's jacket and riding breeches which

/riding breeches which

he wanted tailoring. I took them from him and gave hem to my wife who was confine in the same room as myself. The jacket was coloured grey-blue and had three stars on the shoulders straps. My wife was required to sew a white eagle with straight wings made of white silk braid on the breast and to do some repairs to the breeches. Inside the breeches we found a tab with CPT. KEIRI BARKS 04373 thereon.

About 1100 hours on Sundry 1 July 14, I was interrogated by a Marescallo. He was about 170 cms. tall, dark hair and eyes, clean shaven, about 30 years old and wore bluegrey uniform. He questioned me extensively about my travels to GE UA where I have a business and also about Partisan activities and movements of escaped prisoners of war. He seemed to have some knowledge of my friends and my assistance to both partisans and prisoners of war. I pleaded ignorance but he told me we would talk later in FLOREMOE.

At about 1800 hours the same day in company with new by truck to FLERENCE.

On our way I got into conversation with a Marcs-ciallo who could speak French. He stated that he was being posted home because of his age. He said that he was glad to be leaving that squadron, the work they did was repugnant to a soldier. He also described an actionwhich took place against t Fartisans on 22 June 44, at MINTALTUZZO. He knew the partisans' leader's name was Doctor MAGRINI Benedetto.

On arrival at FLORENCE I was imprisoned but managed to effect my escape after four days.

I returned to my home after the British had liber-

and true. I herewith append my signature.

(Sgd.) GORI Giorgio.

Statement written down in Italian and signature witnessed by MAGINI Livia, interpreter, in the presence of Sgt. CHARLES, both of 75 Section S.I.B. on Monday 4th December, 1944 at MONTE SAN SAVINO.

I certify that the above translation from Italian is correct and true and to the best of my ability.

Magili hivie.